RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College affiliated to University of Calcutta)

B.A./B.Sc. FOURTH SEMESTER EXAMINATION, SEPTEMBER 2020

SECOND YEAR (BATCH 2018-21)

Date : 29/09/2020 CHEMISTRY (General)

	[Attempt any eight questions of the following]	[8×5]
1. a)	Give chemical test to distinguish the following pair	[2×1]
i) ii)	ethylamine and aniline methylamine and dimethylamine	
b)	Write down the use of Grignard reagents for preparation of 1° , 2° and 3° alcohols.	[3]
2. a)	Identify A, B and C in the following	[2]
	$C_6H_5CN \xrightarrow{Ni/H_2} A \xrightarrow{NaNO_2} B \xrightarrow{C_2H_5OH} C$	
b)	Write down the following chemical reactions with examples:	[1.5×2]
i)	Sandmeyer's reaction	
ii)	hydrolysis of esters by A _{AC} 2 mechanism	
3. a)	Define the following terms with examples of each:	[2×2]
i) ii)	Glycosylation reaction Mutarotation	
b)	Write the reaction which shows that the D-glucose can exist in open chain structure.	[1]
4. a)	Write down short notes on:	[2×2]
i) ii)	Ruff's method in aldoses Heinsberg's method of amine separation	
b)	Arrange the following molecules with increasing order of acidity: Formic acid, ac benzoic acid	cetic acid, [1]
5. a)	Auride ion is very common but the cuprites ion is not commonly formed, explain.	[2]
b)	Comment on the stable oxidation state of Cu, Ag and Au.	[3]
6. a)	Give a comparative study for the stability of $Z{n_2}^{2+}$, $C{d_2}^{2+}$ and $H{g_2}^{2+}$.	[2.5]
b)	Give a brief introduction on Nessler's reagent.	[2.5]
7. a)	Write down Clausius Inequality.	[2]
b)	From Clausius inequality prove that the condition for spontaneity at constant T, P,	

[3]

dG < 0

Write down the expression for efficiency of a Carnot engine in terms of temperatures of the source (T_h) and sink (T_l) . [1] State Carnot's theorem. [2] b) With the help of (a) and (b) explain what would be the maximum possible efficiency of an engine working between T_h and T_l. [2] An aqueous solution is made by dissolving 10 g of glucose ($C_6H_{12}O_{16}\,MW$ -180 g mol⁻¹) in 90 g of 9. a) water at 300 K. If the vapor pressure of pure water at 300 K is 32.8 mm Hg, what would be the vapor pressure of the solution? [2] At what temperature will a solution containing 5.60 g of glucose (C₆H₁₂O₁₆) per kg of water will boil? Given the latent enthalpy of vaporization of water is 40.585 kJ/mol. [3] 10.a) Why MgCl₂ is a better coagulant than NaCl for As₂S₃ colloid? [2] How are the gold number and protective power of a colloid related? b) [2] Arrange the following solutions in increasing order of their boiling point - 0.001 M NaCl, 0.001 M c) glucose, 0.001 M MgCl₂. [1]

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